# XENIX<sub>tm</sub> Version 3.0

# Release Summary

Microsoft Corporation

# 1. INTRODUCTION

This document describes the third major release of the XENIX System product. It lists the system calls and utilities provided, and gives an overview of the documentation to be provided.

PRELIMINARY -2- PRELIMINARY

**PRELIMINARY** 

#### 2. HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

The absolute minimum hardware requirements for Xenix System 3 are as follows:

- · 512k bytes of main memory.
- · 10M bytes of hard disk storage.
- · One backup device (mag tape or floppy disk).

This minimum hardware is sufficient to support the full XENIX Version 3.0 system and run all the utilities.

It is important to note that the exact amount of memory required on a given system depends on usage patterns and the specific application packages added. Thus the above system is sufficient for a small number of users using the standard Xenix utilities, but might not be enough to support a large number of users, or a large and sophisticated application package. These figures are minimums.

It is possible that a single user system running just the Time-Sharing package with simple and small applications could run with slightly less disk and memory. However not all the Time-sharing utilities will run with reasonable performance in a system with less main memory. In particular using the inter-machine mail system is equivalent to running multi-user since mail can arrive asynchronously. Use of this facility definitely requires a 512k system, as does any other Time-Sharing system with any background processing.

No system without a hard disk will be able to run XENIX Version 3.0.

#### 3. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

XENIX Version 3.0 is a significantly enhanced version of the Bell Labs UNIX System III Operating System. It is derived from the Bell source distribution, with modifications and enhancements to make the system usable on microcomputers.

Compared to previous the XENIX System releases, XENIX Version 3.0 represents a significant step forward, both in the quality and functionality of the software, and in the documentation.

The product is provided as three packages, and the documentation is structured to reflect this. All the manuals are typeset in 8.5 x 5 inch "downsize" format.

#### 3.1 Software

XENIX Version 3.0 will be provided as three packages. The *Timesharing System* contains the the XENIX System kernel, plus a large number of standard utilities. This package is sufficient to provide an effective multi-user environment.

The Software Development System contains compilers, the linker, and a number of other utilities useful for program development. It also contains the C libraries, and include files.

The Text Processing System contains the text formatters and macro packages, and a number of other useful utilities.

The Timesharing System is required to use either of the other two packages, but the two add on packages are independent of each other, both in documentation and software.

#### 3.2 Documentation

A detailed description of the documentation is given later. Each of the three packages comes with it's own independant set of documentation. The two add on packages also contain reference manual insert pages, so that the reference manual in the *Timesharing System* can be upgraded easily.

Online documents and manual pages are no longer provided.

The documentation will be typeset on small size paper in the style of other Microsoft product documentation.

#### 4. NEW FEATURES

# Shared Data

A new system call will be added to allow user processes to share data areas. This will be implemented on all systems, regardless of the memory management model. However on some systems the performance will be better than on others.

#### Fixed Stack Analysis Utilities

A set of utility programs will allow analysis of C programs to determine stack size requirements. This is useful when developing software for fixed stack machines (eg unmapped 8086, 286, and some M68000 systems).

#### Inter-Machine Mailer

The mailer has been completely replaced with a significantly enhanced product. The new mailer has a user interface based on the Berkeley mail program, and is integrated with a new communications package to send mail between local machines over serial lines. Using this users can network several machines together reliably. This package replaces uucp for local machine communications.

The new communication package also allows remote command execution, and inter-machine file transfer.

# System Administration Utilities

A number of utility programs have been added to the XENIX System to make system administration easier. For example adding and deleting user accounts can now be done with a single command.

#### Visual Shell

The visual shell will be provided in the *Timesharing System*. This shell runs under both the XENIX System and under MS/DOS, and provides an closely similar user interface in both cases. It is a menu driven command interpreter which makes full use of the screen to display status and environment information to the user. It has a built-in help facility, and users can add new applications to the menu. The command interface is modeled after the Microsoft Multi-Tools, and therefore easy to learn by non technical users.

The Visual Shell may not be available with early releases of XENIX Version 3.0.

#### MS/DOS File Access Utilities

Several utilities will be provided in XENIX Version 3.0 to allow MS-DOS files and directories to be read and written. This will be especially useful for machines which can operate both MS-DOS and the XENIX System. Access to IBM DOS 1.1 and 2.0 format diskettes will be supported.

#### Secure Boot Sequence

The standard boot sequence under Arivia version 2.2 prevents entering single user mode without knowing the super user password. This closes a significant security hole.

#### Password Administration

The system can now be set up to enforce password ageing on a per-user basis. In addition a new command, pwadmin is provided for making changes to the password file

Source Code Control System

The "SCCS" package is provided with the Software Development System. This consists of the following new commands: admin, cdc, comb, delta, help, prs, rmdel, sccsdiff, and unget.

#### Memorandum Macro Package

The memorandum macros, and the new mm command are provided with the Text Processing System. These are a significant functional improvement over the ms macros in XENIX Version 2.3.

#### System Calls

XENIX Version 3.0 contains all the XENIX Version 2.3 system calls, plus all those in AT&T's System III product. In addition the following are new:

#### Shared Data

As mentioned above a call will be provided to allow unrelated processes to share data.

chsize A system call to truncate files to a given length.

nap A new system call to allow a process to sleep for very short periods of time. This is useful for interactive, screen oriented packages.

lock A new system call to allow processes to lock themselves in physical memory to guarantee a greater share of machine resources.

# Language Tools

The initial XENIX Version 3.0 release will not contain a new compiler with the UNIX System III language extensions. These are in the new Microsoft compiler which will be available some time later this year. This compiler will support large text and large data on XENIX-286 and 8086. It will also support data items >64k. The initial compiler on the 8086 and 286 supports small data, and large text.

In order to keep in sync with the compiler, the lint program shipped with the first release will be the XENIX Version 2.3 program. The debugger, adb, will only support debugging of up to 64k of text and data in the first release. In the later release it will be enhanced to handle large text and data.

The assembler provided with 286 systems does not support generation of 286 specific instructions, but can be made to do so using one of the macroprocessors provided with the Software Development Package.

Xenix 286 includes an 80287 compatible floating point emulator.

Xenix 8086 does not include a floating point emulator.

Dath Vaniv 2006 and Vaniv 296 support floating point hardware (2027 and 20227)

#### 5. COMPATIBILITY

Systems previously supplied as Version 2.3 will continue to support execution of old binaries. A compile time option will allow compilation of Version 2.3 sources also. Thus all XENIX Version 2.3 binaries and source code are usable under XENIX Version 3.0 without modification.

There are a few exceptions to the above. Any utilities which make use of detailed internal knowledge of the kernel or file system format will need modification. It is not expected there will be any of these outside the standard the XENIX System utilities.

XENIX Version 2.3 file systems can be used with systems. The fack program should be used on the file system before use with a system.

#### 6. DETAILED SUMMARY

The next few sections list in detail the specific system calls, library routines, and utilitiy commands available under, broken down by individual packages.

Commands marked '+' are new in XENIX Version 3.0.

#### **6.1 TIMESHARING SYSTEM**

The Timesharing System contains the the XENIX System kernel, and the following commands:

acctcom+
- search and print accounting files
accton
- turn system accounting on/off
asktime
- sets system date and time
assign
- assign a device to a user

at - execute commands at a later time

atq+ - examine 'at' job queue atrm+ - remove an 'at' job

awk - pattern scanning and processing language

banner+ - print large letters
- strip filename affixes

bc - arbitrary-precision arithmetic language

bdiff+ - diff very large files
bfs+ - big file scanner
cal - print calendar
calendar - reminder service
cat - catenate and print
cd - change working directory

chgrp - change group chmod - change mode chown - change owner

chroot+ - change process root directory

cmp - compare two files

comm - select/reject lines common to two sorted files

copy - copy groups of files

ср - сору

cpio+ - copy file archives in and out cron - background clock daemon

crypt - encode/decode
csplit+ - context file split
cu - call the XENIX System
deassign - desasign a device
- print and set the date

dc - desk calculator

dd - convert and copy a file

devnm+ - device name
df - disk free

diff - differential file comparator
diff3 - 3-way differential file comparison

dircmp+ - directory comparison
dirname+ - deliver portion of pathname

disable - turn terminal usage off

dtype+ - print disk type (xenix, msdos, tar, etc)

du - summarize disk usage

dump - incremental file system dump

dumpdir - print the names of files on a dump tape

echo - echo arguments - text editor ed - search a file for a pattern egrep - turns terminal usage on enable - set/print command environment env+ - evaluate arguments as an expression expr - provide truth values false - search a file for a pattern fgrep - determine file type file - find files find - user information lookup program finger - file system consistency check and repair fsck - parse command options getopt+ - search a file for a pattern grep - group file checker grpcheck+ - shut system down haltsys - give hex dump of a file hd+ - give first few lines of a stream head - print user and group id's/names id+ - relational database operator join kill - terminate a process - detailed file list - formated file list lc - loader ld - runs a tutorial learn - read one line line+ - make a link ln login - sign on - get login name logname+ - find lines in a sorted list look - line printer spooler lpr - list contents of directory ls - send or receive mail among users mail - permit or deny messages mesg - make a directory mkdir - construct a file system mkfs - build special file mknod - add a new user account mkuser+ - file perusal filter for crt viewing more - mount file system mount ing arters in a wint of a difficultation - generate names from i-numbers ncheck - administer mail network netutil+ - log in to a new group newgrp - run a command at low priority nice - line numbering filter nl+ - run background process after user logs off nohup - octal dump od - compress files pack+ - change login password passwd - look at packed files pcat+ - print file pr - process status ps - print system facts pstat

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pwadmin+
                 - administer the password file
pwcheck+
                 - password file checker
                 - working directory name
pwd
                 - summarize file system ownership
quot
random
                 - random number generator
rcp+
                 - copy files between machines
                 - execute a command on another machine
remote+
                 - incremental file system restore
restor
                 - remove (unlink) files
rm
rmail
                 - sends mail amoung users
                 - remove (unlink) directories
rmdir
                 - delete a user account
rmuser+
                 - restricted shell
rsh+
sddate
                 - print and set dump dates
sdiff+
                 - side-by-side difference
                 - stream editor
sed
                 - establish mount table
setmnt+
                 - change file access and modification dates
settime
                 - shell
sh
shutdown
                 - shuts down system
sleep
                 - suspend execution for an interval
                 - sort or merge files
sort
                 - split a file into pieces
split
                 - set terminal options
stty
                 - substitute user id temporarily
su
                 - sum and count blocks in a file
sum
                 - update the super block
sync
                 - generic interface to backup/restore mechanism
sysadmin+
                 - deliver the last part of a file
tail
                 - tape archiver
tar
                 - pipe fitting
tee
                 - condition command
test
                 - modify file access times
touch
                 - translate characters
tr
                 - return true value
true
                 - set terminal type
tset
                 - get terminal name
ttv
                 - set default file creation mask
umask
                 - dismount file system
umount
                 - print system name
uname+
                 desprot proported times in a file
44.
units
                 - conversion program
                 - unpack packed files
unpack+
                 - visual shell
vsh
                 - wait for background jobs to finish
wait
                 - write to all users
wall
                 - word count
WC
                 - identify file
what
                 - who is on the system
who
                 - who is doing what
whodo+
                 - write to another user
write
                 - construct arg list and exec command
xargs+
                 - write "yes" to output
```

yes

#### **6.2 TEXT PROCESSING SYSTEM**

The Text Processing System contains several text formatting programs, and three macro packages for document preparation.

#### 6.2.1 COMMANDS

✓ col - filter reverse line feeds - cut out selected fields of lines -cut+ cw+ - prepare constant width troff text - check CW macro text ~cwcheck+ √ deroff - remove nroff, troff, tbl and eqn constructs & diction+ - comment on writing style √diffmk+ - mark differences between files - typeset mathematics egn √eqncheck - typeset mathematics Ģ ex - text editor (Version 2.13) /hyphen+ - find hyphenated words mm+ - memorandum macros mmcheck+ - check mm source - mm for troff mmt+negn - typeset mathematics - text formatting and typesetting nroff - merge lines of files ~ paste+ prep - prepare text for statistical processing - permuted index ptx - expands nroff .so statements soelim+ - find spelling errors spell 4 style+ - comment on writing style - format tables for proff or troff tbl troff - text formatting and typesetting ς vi - screen editor (Version 2.13) - and

#### 6.2.2 MACRO PACKAGES The macro packages supported under XENIX Version 3.0 are:

- mm The Memorandum macros are the standard method for producing formatted documents under XENIX Version 3.0. These macros are documented and presented as the standard the XENIX System macro package.
- ms The Manuscript macros are those provided with XENIX Version 2.3. They are less powerful and less easy to use than the Memorandum macros, but since many existing documents are in this format the macros are provided so these documents can still be processed. These macros are not documented, and not intended for the production of new documents.
- man The Manual macros are used for formatting online manual pages. Although online manual pages are not provided for the standard the XENIX System software, additional applications may include documentation in this format, so these macros are provided. These macros are supplied purely for processing foreign documentation, and are not documented.

#### **8.3 SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM**

The SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM contains commands, library routines, and interfaces to the kernel.

#### 6.3.1 SYSTEM CALLS

access - determine accessibility of a file
acct - enable or disable process accounting

alarm - set a process's alarm clock

brk - change data segment space allocation sbrk - change data segment space allocation

chdir - change working directory chmod - change mode of file

chown - change owner and group of file

chroot - change root directory
chsize+ - change file size
close - close a file descriptor

creat - create a new file or rewrite an existing one creatsem - create an instance of a binary semaphore

dup - duplicate an open file descriptor dup2 - duplicate an open file descriptor

execl - execute a file
exit - terminate process

fcntl - file control

fork - create a new process

fstat - get file status

ftime - get system time
getpid - get process id
getpgrp - get process group
getppid - get parent process id
getuid - get real user id
geteuid - get effective user id

getgid - get group id

getegid - get effective group id ioctl - control device

kill - send a signal to a process or group of processes

link - link to a file

lock+ - lock a process in memory

locking - lock or unlock a file region for reading or writing

lseek - move read/write file pointer

mband make a file

mount - mount a file structure
nap+ - sleep for a short time
- change priority of a process

open - open a file for reading or writing

opensem - open a semaphore

pause - suspend process until signal
pipe - create an interprocess channel
profil - execution time profile

ptrace - process trace

rdchk - check if there is data to be read

read - read from a file

sdget+ - attact to a shared data region sdfree+ - release a shared data region sdgetv+ - synchronise use of shared data
 sdenter+ - enter a shared data region
 sdleave+ - leave a shared data region
 sdwaitv+ - synchronise use of shared data
 setpgrp - set process group id

setuid - set user id

setuid - set user id setgid - set group id

shutdn - flush block I/O and halt system

signal - specify what to do on receipt of a signal sigsem - signal a process waiting on a semaphore

stat - get file status stime - set time

sync - update super block

time - get time

times - get process and child process times

ulimit - get and set user limits
umask - set and get file creation mask

umount - unmount a file system

uname - get name of current the XENIX System system

unlink - remove a directory entry
ustat - get file system statistics

utime - set file access and modification times
wait - wait for child process to stop or terminate

waitsem - wait on a semaphore write - write on a file

#### 6.3.2 LIBRARY ROUTINES

The following libraries are provided as standard with XENIX Version 3.0. On 8086/88 and 286 systems, versions for Small, Middle, and Large model programs will be provided (ie three of each library).

They are included at link time by specifying -lname to the compiler or linker, where name is the name listed below less the lib prefix. For example -lm, and -ltermcap.

libc The standard library containing all system call interfaces, Standard I/O routines,

and other general purpose services.

libm The standard math library.

libl Library for use with programs produced by lex.

liby Library for use with programs produced by yacc.

libtermcap Routines for accessing the termcap data base describing terminal characteristics.

libtermlib The same as libtermcap.

libcurses Screen and cursor manipulation routines.

libdbm Data base management routines.

# 6.3.3 The Standard C Library - libc

\_tolower - convert to lower case \_toupper - convert to upper case

a64l - convert base-64 ascii to long integer

abort - generate an IOT fault
abs - integer absolute value
asctime - convert time data to ascii
assert - program verification

atof - convert ascii string to floating number

atoi - convert ascii string to integer atol - convert ascii string to long integer

bsearch - binary search
calloc - allocate memory
clearerr - clear error
crypt - DES encryption

ctermid - generate filename for terminal
ctime - convert time to ascii string
cuserid - character login name of user
defopen - open default parameter file

- format conversion ecvt - DES encryption encrypt - close group file endgrent - close password file endpwent fclose. - close a stream - format conversion fcvt - reopen a stream fdopen - test for eof feof - test for error ferror

fgets - get character from stream fgets - get a string from a stream

- flush a stream

fileno - convert stream number to file descriptor

fflush

fopen - open a stream

fprintf - formatted ouput routine

fputc - write character to stream

fputs - write a string to a stream

fread - buffered input
free - free memory
freopen - reopen a stream
frexp - return mantissa

fseanf - formatted input conversion
fseek - seek within a stream
ftell - obtain file pointer position

fwrite - buffered output

fxlist - get name list entries from a file

gcvt - format conversion

getc - get character from stream getchar - get character from stream

getenv - get value for environment variable

getgrent - get group file entry
getgram - get group file entry
getgrnam - get group file entry
getlogin - get login name

getopt - parse command line options

getpass - read a password
getpw - get name from user id
getpwent - get password file entry
getpwnam - get password file entry
getpwuid - get password file entry
gets - get a string from a stream
getw - get word from stream

gmtime - obtain Grenwich Mean Time information

gsignal - software signal
isalnum - test for alphanumeric
isalpha - test for alphabetic character
isascii - test for ascii character
isatty - check for terminal
iscntrl - test for control character

isdigit - test for digit

isgraph - test for printing character

islower - test for lower case

isprint - test for printing character

isspace - test for space isupper - test for upper case isxdigit - test for hex digit

13tol - convert 3 byte integer to long 164a - convert long integer to base 64 ascii

ldexp - a useful function

localtime - obtain local time information
logname - get login name of user

logname - get login nam longjmp - nonlocal goto

lsearch - linear search and update tol3 - convert long to 3 byte integer

malloc - allocate memory
mktemp - make a temporary file

- return fractional part modf - prepare execution profile monitor - get entries from name list nlist - close pipe to process pclose - print system error messages perror - initiate I/O to/from a process popen - formatted output routine printf - write character to stream putc - write character to stream putchar - write password file entry putpwent - write a string to a stream puts - write word to stream putw - quick sort routine gsort - random number generator rand - reallocate memory realloc - regular expression compile regemp - regular expression execute regex - seek to zero rewind - formatted input conversion scanf - assign buffering to a stream setbuf - rewind group file pointer setgrent - nonlocal goto setjmp - DES encryption setkey - rewind password file pointer setpwent - suspend execution for an interval sleep - formatted output routine sprintf - seed random number generator srand - formatted input conversion sscanf - software signal ssignal - concatenate strings streat - find character in string strchr - compare strings strcmp - copy strings strcpy - find length of substring strcspn - get string length strlen - concatenate strings strncat - compare strings strncmp - copy strings strncpy - find string in string strpbrk - find character in string strrchr and the state of satetoing ------ find token within string strtok - swap bytes swab - execute a shell command system - create a temporary file tmpfile - create a temporary file name tmpnam - convert to ascii toascii - convert to lower case tolower - convert to upper case toupper - find name of terminal ttyname - set external time variables tzset - push character back onto stream ungetc

xlist

- get name list entries from a file

# 6.3.4 The Standard Math Library - libm

- arc cosine function aco6 - arc sin function asin atan - arc tangent function - arc tangent function atan2 cabs - euclidean distance ceil - ceiling value - cosine function COS - hyperbolic cosine cosh exp - exponentiation fabs - returns |x floor - absolute value fmod - a useful function gamma - log gamma function hypot  $-\operatorname{sqrt}(x*x + y*y)$ j0 - bessel function - bessel function j1 - bessel function jn - natural logarithm log log 10 - log base 10 pow - power function sin - sin function sinh - hyperbolic sine - square root function sqrt tan - tangent function tanh - hyperbolic tangent y0- bessel function y 1 - bessel function - bessel function уn

# 6.3.5 The Default Lex Library - libl

main - lex program entry
yyless - lex routine
yywrap - lex routine

# 6.3.6 The Default Yacc Library - liby

main - yacc program entry yyerror - yacc error handler

#### 6.3.7 The Terminal Capabilities Library - tibtermcap

tgetent - get terminal capability entry
tgetflag - test for presence of capability
tgetnum - get numeric value of capability
tgetstr - get string value of capability
tgoto - get cursor addressing string
tputs - decode padding information

# 6.3.8 The Screen Manipulation Library - libcurses

curses - many screen cursor manipulation routines

# 6.3.9 The Data Base Management Library - libdbm

dbminit - open data base
delete - delete key in data base
fetch - access key in data base
firstkey - get first key in data base
nextkey - get next key in data base
store - store key in data base

# 6.3.10 COMMANDS

- debugger adb admin+ - create and administer sccs files - archive and library maintainer ar - assembler 25 cb - C program beautifier - C compiler CC cdc+ - change delta commentary comb+ - combine sccs deltas cref+ - make cross ref listing - a shell (command interpreter) with C-like syntax csh ctags - create a tags file - make sccs delta (change) delta+ - text editor (Version 2.13) ex - get version of sccs file get+ gets - get a string from standard input - ask for help help+ hdr+ - print binary file header information lex - generator of lexical analysis programs lint - a C program verifier - find ordering relation for an object library lorder - macro processor m4 make - maintain software mkstr - create an error message file - print name list nm - display profile data prof - print an sccs file prs+ - convert archives to random libraries ranlib - rational Fortran dialect ratior - regular expression compile regcmp+ TITI dal 1 - remove sees delta from file - print secs file editing activity sact+ - compare two versions of sccs file sccsdiff+ - size of an object file size - interpolate smooth curve spline - determine stack requirements for "C" programs. stackuse - find the printable strings in binary file strings - remove symbols and relocation bits strip - time a command time - topological sort tsort - undo get of sccs file unget+ - unix to unix copy uucp uulog - unix to unix copy

- unix to unix command execution

uux

yacc

- validate SCCS file val - screen editor (Version 2.13) vi - construct arg list and execute xargs+ - cross reference for C programs xref+ - extract strings from C programs xstr - yet another compiler-compiler

# **6.4 OPTIONAL/SYSTEM DEPENDENT**

The following commands are available on all versions of the XENIX System, but will not necessarily be appropriate on some, and so may not be provided.

doscat

- 'cat' a file on an MS-DOS floppy disk

doscp

- copy files to/from MS-DOS floppy disks

dosdir

- list directory of MS-DOS floppy disk

dosls

- list directory of MS-DOS floppy disk

ø dosmkdir

- create an MS-DOS directory on an MS-DOS disk

dosrm

- delete an MS-DOS file

dosrmdir

- delete an MS-DOS directory

#### 6.5 UNSUPPORTED COMMANDS

Some of the UNIX code provided to Microsoft is in an undocumented form which makes it impossible to provide as complete support as we would otherwise wish. In addition some software produces output for certain devices (eg graphics plotters and typesetters) to which Microsoft does not have access. It is not possible for us to verify the operation of this UNIX code.

The software listed below is provided "as is", and we cannot necessarily provide full support for this.

- · uucp, uulog, and uux.
- · nroff/troff, ex/vi, csh.
- · libtermcap, libcurses.

#### 7. THE ORIGINS OF the XENIX System

XENIX Version 3.0 is derived from UNIX Version 7 and UNIX System III. In addition it contains many enhancements by Microsoft, and some software developed at the University of Berkeley, California.

#### 7.1 Microsoft Enhancements

7.1.1 System Calls The following are enhancements to the system call set: \_

chsize, creatsem, opensem, sigsem, waitsem, locking, nap, rdchk, shutdn, sdenter, sdleave, sdget, sdfree, sdgetv, sdwaitv, open (with synchronous write option).

7.1.2 Utilities The following utilities have been developed by Microsoft:

asktime, assign, atq, atrm, desasign, disable, doscat, doscp, dosdir, dosls, dosmkdir, dosrm, dosrmdir, dtype, haltsys, hd, l, mail, mkuser, netutil, pwadmin, rcp, remote, rmuser, settime, shutdown, sysadmin, vsh, hdr, stackuse.

#### 7.2 Berkeley Software

7.2.1 Utilities The following utilities were developed at the University of Berkeley:

head, lc, mail, ex/vi, diction, style, csh, ctags, mkstr, strings, xstr.

#### 8. DOCUMENTATION

This section provides an overview of XENIX Version 3.0 documentation, describing the components of a full the XENIX System documentation set and how this set can be divided to correspond to individually marketed packages Preliminary outlines are given for each manual.

# 8.1 Overall Organization

Listed below are the documents comprising the complete the XENIX-System Version 3.0 documentation set.

Installation Guide

Operations Guide

User's Guide

Reference Manual

Programmer's Guide

Programmer's Reference Manual

Text Processing Guide

These document manuals accompany the three the XENIX System product packages:

- 1. The XENIX System Timesharing System
- 2. The XENIX System Text Processing System
- 3. The XENIX System Software Development System

The Timesharing System is a prerequisite to the other two packages.

#### 8.2 Outlines

Below are outlines for the volumes being written and their approximate page counts:

XENIX Installation Guide (30 pages)

XENIX Operations Guide (90 pages)

Chapter 1. Introduction

Chapter 2. Starting and Stopping the System

Chapter 3. Preparing XENIX for Users

Chapter 4. Using File Systems

Chapter 5. Maintaining File Systems

Chapter 6. Backing Up File Systems

Chapter 7. Miscellaneous Maintenance Tasks

Chapter 8. Building A XENIX Network

Appendix A. XENIX Device Files

# XENIX User's Guide (320 pages)

Chapter 1. Introduction

Chapter 2. Demonstration

Chapter 3. Basic Concepts

Chapter 4. Tasks

Chapter 5. Ed

Chapter 6. Mail

Chapter 7. Shell

Chapter 8. BC: A Calculator

# XENIX Programmer's Guide (260 pages)

Chapter 1. Introduction

Chapter 2. Softwart Tools

Chapter 3. CC: A Compiler

Chapter 4. Lint: A C Program Checker

Chapter 5. ADB: A Program Debugger

Chapter 6. Make: A Program Maintainer

Chapter 7. SCCS: A Source Code Control System

Chapter 8. As: An Assembler

Chapter 9. Lex: A Lexical Analyzer

Chapter 10. YACC: A Compiler Compiler

Chapter 11. M4: A Preprocessor

Chapter 12. C Language Topics

Appendix A. Vi: A Screen Editor

Appendix B. The C-Shell

# XENIX Text Processing Guide (300 pages)

Chapter 1. Introduction

Chapter 2. Text Processing With Xenix

Chapter 3. XENIX System Tools

Chapter 4. Writing Tools

Chapter 5. Formatting Techniques

Chapter 6. MM Tutorial

Chapter 7. MM Reference

Chapter 8. Nroff/Troff Tutorial

Chapter 9. Nroff/Troff Reference

Chapter 10. Creating Tables

Chapter 11. Formatting Mathematical Equations

Chapter 12. Designing Documentation Projects

Appendix A. Vi: A Screen Editor

# XENIX Reference Manual (500 pages)

#### Introduction

Section C. Commands

Section CP. Programming Commands

Section CT. Text Processing Commands

Section M. Miscellaneous

## XENIX Programmer's Reference (250 pages)

Chapter 1. Introduction

Chapter 2. Input and Output

Chapter 3. Processes

Chapter 5. Signals

Chapter 6. Shared Data

Chapter 7. Semaphores

Chapter 8. File Locking

Chapter 9. Controlling the Screen

Chapter 10. Special Topics

The Assembly Language Interface C Language Portability Configuring The System Setting Up UUCP

#### Reference

Section CP. Programming Commands

Section S. System Services

Section F. File Formats