

Name

cfg - Configures /xenix

Syntax

cfg [-n xenix] [Tables] [Misc]

Tables may be '-d' or one or more of the following:

buffers=n inodes=n files=n locks=n procs=n clists=n

n above may be 'a' or an integer greater than 0.

Misc may be one or more of the following:

[maxprocs=p] [maxmem=m] [nodename=name]
[swapdev=a | swapdev=mm,nn swplo=dd nswap=nn]

Description

Cfg allows you to configure the size of various system tables and parameters. By default, the size of these tables is determined by how much memory is installed in your machine:

Mem Size	Buffers	Inodes	Files	Locks	Procs	Clists
512k	25k	100	100	200	60	200
1.0 meg	50k	100	100	200	60	200
1.5 meg	100k	120	120	240	70	200
2.0 meg	150k	140	140	280	80	200
2.5 meg	150k	160	160	320	90	200
3.0 meg	150k	200	200	400	100	200

Note: It is not currently possible to install more than 1 megabyte of memory.

Cfg allows you to select the size of any of these tables. For example:

cfg buffers=200

sets the number of system buffers to 200. Cfg will respond:

/xenix is now configured as follows:

```

Buffers      200
Inodes       AutoConfig
Files        AutoConfig
Locks        AutoConfig
Procs        AutoConfig
Clists       AutoConfig
Maxprocs     15
Maxmem       256k
Nodename     ""
Swapdev      AutoConfig

```

This indicates that /xenix will reserve 200 buffers when it boots next. Because each system buffer has 512 bytes, the kernel will reserve 100k of memory for system buffer use. To set /xenix back to automatic buffering, type:

cfg buffers=a

Cfg will respond:

/xenix is now configured as follows:

```

Buffers      AutoConfig
Inodes       AutoConfig
Files        AutoConfig

```

Locks	AutoConfig
Procs	AutoConfig
Clists	AutoConfig
Maxprocs	15
Maxmem	256k
Nodename	""
Swapdev	AutoConfig

This indicates that /xenix will automatically select the number of buffers based on memory size.

The 'nodename' option allows you to change the name of your system that is returned by the 'uname' system call [see uname(5)].

The '-d' option resets all options except 'nodename' and 'swapdev' to their default values, which are shown in the example above.

As with the configuration disk in earlier versions of 68000/XENIX, it is assumed that the system administrator has the technical understanding of the relationships between the various parameters and their effects on system performance. Some incorrect configurations can destroy data.

Cfg may only be run by the superuser.

Diagnostics

- cfg: You must be superuser to run this program
The user was not logged in as root, nor was the su command used to change to root.
- cfg: No namelist
The program was unable to find the required symbols in /xenix.
- cfg: cfg not supported in that xenix
The user tried to run cfg on an older version of xenix.
- cfg: Can't open xenix
The program was unable to open the file /xenix.
- cfg: Can't read xenix
The program was unable to read the file /xenix.
- cfg: Can't write xenix
The program was unable to write the new configuration.
- cfg: Not enough data in /xenix
The file /xenix did not match its namelist. This may indicate a corrupted /xenix file.
- cfg: Can't seek for read
The program can't position to read the old configuration.
- cfg: Can't seek for write
The program can't reposition to write the new configuration.
- cfg: Please type a number of items from min to max
The user specified a number of items less than min or greater than max.
- cfg: Please type a number for item from min to max
The user specified a number for item less than min or greater than max.
- cfg: Missing major number for 'swapdev'
- cfg: Missing minor number for 'swapdev'
The user gave an incorrect 'swapdev' specification.

cfg: You must specify swapdev, swplo, and nswap together
The user gave one or more of swapdev, swplo, and nswap without specifying all of them.

cfg: Too many characters in nodename
The user specified a nodename which was greater than 8 characters long.

cfg: Illegal character in nodename
The user specified a nodename which had a character other than A-Z, a-z, 0-9, '-', and '_' in it.

cfg: Unknown option
The user gave cfg an unknown option.

cfg: Missing argument for -n
The user gave the '-n' option without another argument.

cfg: Too many item change specifications
The user specified more than one of 'a' or a number of item.

cfg: You must specify "-d" alone.
The user gave the '-d' option with another change request.

See Also
configuration (M)